

Table 4. Demographic, clinical and socioeconomic characteristics of the nondiabetic and type 2 diabetic subjects

	Nondiabetics*	Known type 2 diabetes*	P
n	8365	360	
Gender			
Men	4095 (49.0)*	164 (45.6)	
Women	4270 (51.0)	196 (54.4)	0.20†
Age (years)			
19-39	3318 (39.7)	6 (1.7)	
40-59	2875 (34.4)	94 (26.1)	
≥ 60	2172 (26.0)	260 (72.2)	<0.001‡
Body mass index (kg/m ²)			
< 25.0	4172 (49.9)	113 (31.4)	
25.0-29.99	3207 (38.3)	160 (44.4)	
≥ 30.0	986 (11.8)	87 (24.2)	<0.001‡
Region			
Rural	2900 (34.7)	151 (42.0)	
Suburban	2856 (34.1)	111 (30.8)	
Urban	2609 (31.2)	98 (27.2)	0.01‡
Geographical region			
Southern	3768 (45.0)	166 (46.1)	
Central	1690 (20.2)	72 (20.0)	
Northern	2907 (34.8)	122 (33.9)	0.91†
Educational level			
High	4180 (50.0)	66 (18.3)	
Low	4185 (50.0)	294 (81.7)	<0.001†
Occupation			
Manual	2177 (26.0)	114 (31.7)	
Non-manual	6188 (74.0)	246 (68.3)	0.01†
Socioeconomic status			
High	1517 (18.2)	25 (6.9)	
Low	6837 (81.8)	335 (93.1)	<0.001†
Smoking status			
Non-smokers	4774 (57.1)	227 (63.1)	
Ex-smokers	676 (8.1)	64 (17.8)	
Current smokers	2915 (34.8)	69 (19.2)	<0.001†
Alcohol consumption			
None	6562 (78.4)	290 (80.6)	
Modest	1490 (17.8)	55 (15.3)	
Moderate	263 (3.1)	11 (43.1)	
Heavy	50 (0.7)	4 (1.0)	0.39†
Number of subjects living together			
More than two	6404 (76.6)	206 (57.2)	
One or two	1961 (23.4)	154 (42.8)	<0.001†
Target population			
Selected population	1638 (19.6)	63 (17.5)	
Unselected population	6727 (80.4)	297 (82.5)	0.32†

* Numbers in parentheses are percentages. †Chi-square test; ‡one way analysis of variance.