

Table 1. Baseline characteristics versus diagnostic outcome according to the water deprivation test in the study population.

	All n=104	Diabetes Insipidus n=21	Primary Polydipsia n=83	<i>P</i> DI versus PP
Sex, F/M	64/40	11/10	56/27	0.19
Age, years	43 (30-59)	53 (41-66)	40 (29-51)	0.006
Reported fluid intake, L/day	5.0 (4.0-6.0)	4.8 (4.0-8.8)	5.0 (4.0-6.0)	0.71
Serum osmolality at WDT start, mOsm/Kg	295 (290-298)	298 (297-304)	295 (290-298)	0.002
Serum sodium at WDT start, mmol/L	141 (140-144)	144 (143-146)	141 (140-143)	<0.001
Urine osmolality at WDT start, mOsm/kg	338 (170-491)	171 (110-369)	333 (171-476)	0.010
Urinary specific gravity at WDT start, g/ml	1.003 (1.000-1.008)	1.001 (1.000-1.004)	1.005 (1.001-1.009)	0.004

DI: Diabetes insipidus; PP: Primary polydipsia; WDT: Water deprivation test.

All continuous variables are presented as median (interquartile range). Significant *P*-values are shown in bold.